

## PLUM CREEK RESTORATION ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT (2010)

**Impacts: SR 79 Open Creek Bridge; Washington Co.; NW26; 1.82-acre impact; USACE Permit SAJ-2005-8649 IP-DEB issued (8/10/06)**

**SR 79 Holmes Creek Bridge; Washington Co.; NW27; 8.04-acre impact per FDOT Inventory; USACE Public Notice SAJ-2006-4627 IP-DEB (8/24/06)**

**Mitigation: Plum Creek**

**Monitoring Date: October 28, 2010**

### SCOPE

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Bridge repair and construction at two sites have resulted in impacts that are being mitigated at this site. Plum Creek is a 130-acre tract located approximately 600 feet north of Holmes Creek in Washington Co., and is contiguous with extensive NFWWMD land holdings. In consultation with USACE, it is estimated that 12.07 credits will be obtained from implementation of this mitigation effort.

### MITIGATION PROJECT

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The uplands on this site consist of FLUCCS 441 – Coniferous Plantation [Polygon D, E & F] (i.e., mature, bedded, slash pine plantation with a moderately diverse understory), whereas the wetlands are characterized as FLUCCS 630 – Mixed Forested Wetlands [Polygon A & C] (~30 acres), FLUCCS 640 – Non-Forested Wetlands [Polygon B] (~30 acres), and a small, previously un-delineated connection consisting of FLUCCS 625 – Hydric Pine Flatwoods [Polygon D] (0.88 acre). The existing forested wetlands are generally of high quality. Historic aerials demonstrate that the currently non-forested wetlands once had a mature, closed-canopy wetland forest. Beaver activity (damming and deforestation) and possible timber harvesting likely caused this loss of forested habitat. Wetland and upland polygons on the attached maps were delineated from 2004 DOQs and then overlaid on the 1955 aerial. Based on historic Palmer Hydrologic Drought Index data, the Plum Creek parcel was experiencing extreme drought when the 1955 aerials were taken, thus obscuring portions of wetland areas in the image.

Conversion of the upland forested buffers to pine plantation and hydrologic alteration from beaver activity/timber removal are the primary impacts to the natural vegetation communities of this site. Regional development pressures (e.g., the planned Panama City airport, anticipated four-laning of nearby SR 79, large-scale housing projects proposed for the nearby town of Vernon, etc.) and expected population growth suggest a high likelihood that without preservation this site will be developed.

The goal of this project is the acquisition, preservation, restoration and management of the 130-acre Plum Creek tract. Approximately 70 acres pine plantation will be restored to native pine forest (FLUCCS 411), coupled with preservation and restoration/enhancement of approximately 60 acres of forested wetlands. The restored site will be owned and managed in perpetuity for ecological integrity by the NFWWMD. The connectivity of this parcel to extensive NFWWMD

holdings along the Holmes Creek floodplain greatly increases its restoration and preservation value.

## RESTORATION ACTIVITIES

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In the native pine forest (FLUCCS 411) areas of the site, restoration has been started with tree thinning in fall 2009. Actual restoration techniques implemented will be dependent upon site-specific conditions and adaptive management. In both upland and wetland polygons, management strategies for nuisance and exotic species will be implemented as necessary. Forested wetland areas (FLUCCS 625 & 630) are being preserved in their existing condition, whereas the impacted non-forested wetlands will be hydrologically restored and planted with appropriate species, including cypress and tupelo. Hydrologic restoration of the site is being accomplished through removal of an extensive network of beaver dams and further hydrologic enhancement downstream. A properly sized culvert will replace an improvised culvert on NFWMD lands ~500 feet south of the Plum Creek property boundary. Acquisition of this tract has eliminated the high probability of future rural/residential development and ensures its perpetual preservation.

## MONITORING

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The 2010 monitoring event took place on October 28, 2010. There were no signs of trespassing or abuse. Site was clear along roads. Small patches of Japanese climbing fern (*Lygodium japonicum*) was observed along the main road in the southeastern portion of the property (FLUCCS 441 – Coniferous Plantation [Polygons D & E]).

Wetlands are in an appropriate and healthy condition relative to the mitigation targets. The eastern and western forested wetlands (FLUCCS 630 – Mixed Forested Wetlands [Polygon A & C]) are in good health with the appropriate species composition and cover. The eastern forested wetlands exhibit good quality bottomland forest with many large cypress and tupelo present. Firebreaks around the outer edge of this community have created vegetation and soil disturbance in the natural upland ecotone. These disturbances should be addressed re-habbing the firebreaks and, in the future, by allowing fire to naturally extinguish at the wetland edge and/or using narrower firebreaks.

The impacted forested wetlands (FLUCCS 640 – Non-Forested Wetlands [Polygon B]) were successfully drained this year and the soils were saturated to the surface, but not inundated, at the time of monitoring. The draining of Polygon B is on target to the re-establishment of cypress and other hydrophytic species and the eventual restoration of a closed canopy.

The uplands (FLUCCS 441 – Coniferous Plantation [Polygon D, E & F]) are still in a transitional phase from silvicultural operations to the native sandhill community. The fuel load is moderate, consisting primarily of medium sized woody debris from clearing and herbaceous fine fuel. Wiregrass is sparse but present. Longleaf pine is also very sparse, although some seedlings were observed. The presence of longleaf pine seedlings indicates that the area is trending towards re-establishment of the historical canopy. Prescribed fire and the future planting of wiregrass and longleaf pine will keep this area on the path to successful restoration.

## WORK SCHEDULE

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Plantation thinning: **Completed Fall 2009**

Annual monitoring performed: **completed 10/28/2010**

Site purchase: **completed December 2009**

Beaver control and culvert placement: **completed June 2010**

## SUCCESS CRITERIA

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The project success criteria are:

1. No observable decline in vegetation community health – **No decline observed**
2. Species diversity is, at a minimum, stable in each wetland polygon - **Yes**
3. No more than 1% coverage of invasive exotics and 5% coverage of nuisance native and non-invasive exotic species – **No more than 1% cover of invasive exotic species were observed, however *Lygodium japonicum* was present along the main road and should be treated. Early successional native ground cover species are common in the upland polygons, but will decline over time with appropriate management regimes (i.e. prescribed fire).**
4. No more than 200 pine (longleaf or slash) trees per acre in upland areas – **No more than 200 pines per acre are present**
5. Not less than 300 trees per acre in Polygon B (cypress, tupelo or other species) – **Less than 300 trees per acre are present in Polygon B; however, this area was recently drained by removing beaver dams in an effort to restore a natural hydroperiod that over time will lead to the re-establishment of the target tree density.**

## CONCLUSIONS

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Based on the October 2010 monitoring event, the success criteria are being met or are in the process of completion to date and the project is trending toward success. Subsequent monitoring events will address the criteria annually as more work is completed.

Figure 1. Location Map

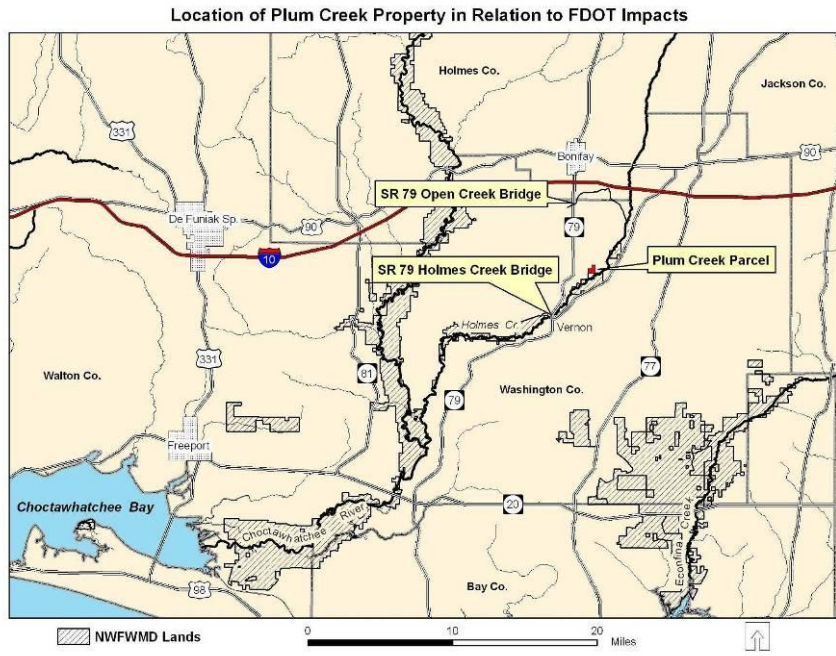


Figure 2. Plum creek restoration plan polygons.



Figure 3. Polygon A: Forested wetland, good species composition and cover.



Figure 4. Polygon B: Drained wetland, beaver dam recently removed.



Figure 5. Polygon E/A edge: Damage in ecotone from large firebreak.



Figure 6. Polygon E: Upland, undergoing restoration.





Table 1. Plant Species observed, 2010.

<i>Scientific Name</i>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Polygon A</b>	<b>Polygon B</b>	<b>Polygon D</b>	<b>Polygon E (Upland)</b>
<i>Ambrosia artemesifolia</i>	annual ragweed				X
<i>Andropogon virginicus</i>	broom sedge			X	
<i>Aristida stricta</i> var. <i>beyrichiana</i>	qiregrass				
<i>Andropogon virginicus</i> var. <i>glaucus</i>	chalky bluestem			X	
<i>Aristida stricta</i>	pineland threeawn				X
<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>	switchcane	X	X	X	
<i>Asclepias humistrata</i>	milkweed				
<i>Asimina angustifolia</i>	slimb-leaved paw paw				X
<i>Aster reticulatus</i>	pinewood aster				
<i>Baptisia lanceolata</i>	pineland wild indigo				
<i>Baptisia lecontei</i>	pineland wild indigo				
<i>Bidens mitis</i>	smallfruit beggarticks		X		
<i>Berlandiera pumila</i>	green eyes				
<i>Callicarpa Americana</i>	beauty berry			X	X
<i>Carex elliotii</i>	Elliot's sedge	X	X		
<i>Carex</i> sp.	sedge	X			
<i>Centella asiatica</i>	spadeleaf	X			
<i>Cladium jamaicense</i>	Jamaica swamp sawgrass		X		
<i>Cladonia</i> sp.	lichen				X
<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>	sweet pepper bush	X	X	X	
<i>Cliftonia monophylla</i>	black titi	X	X	X	
<i>Cnidioscolus stimulosus</i>	tread softly				X
<i>Conyza canadensis</i>	Canadian horseweed				X
<i>Cornus florida</i>	flowering dogwood				
<i>Croton argyranthemus</i>	healing croton				X
<i>Croton michauxii</i>	Michaux's croton				
<i>Cyrilla racemiflora</i>	red titi				
<i>Dalea pinnata</i>	summer-farewell				
<i>Decodon verticillatus</i>	swamp loosestrife				
<i>Dichanthelium aciculare</i>	needleleaf rosette grass				X
<i>Dicanthelium</i> spp.	panic grass	X	X	X	
<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>	persimmon				X
<i>Dulichium arundinaceum</i>	three-way sedge				
<i>Elephantopus alatus</i>	tall elephantsfoot				X
<i>Elephantopus carolinianus</i>	Carolina elephant's foot				
<i>Eriogonum tomentosum</i>	wild buckwheat				X
<i>Eriocaulon decangulare</i>	pipewort		X		
<i>Eupatorium capillifolium</i>	dogfennel	X		X	
<i>Eupatorium compositifolium</i>	yankeeweed	X	X	X	X
<i>Eupatorium mohrii</i>	Mohr's thoroughwort				
<i>Gaylussacia frondosa</i>	blue huckleberry			X	
<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>	yellow jessamine			X	X
<i>Gnaphalium pensylvanicum</i>	cudweed				
<i>Hibiscus aculeatus</i>	comfort root				
<i>Hibiscus arctatus</i>	rosemallow				
<i>Hypericum gentinoides</i>	Pineweed	X	X		
<i>Hypericum tetrapetalum</i>	fourpetal St. Johnswort			X	
<i>Ilex coriacea</i>	large gallberry	X	X	X	
<i>Ilex glabra</i>	inkberry			X	X
<i>Ilex opaca</i>	American holly				
<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	yaupon				X

<i>Scientific Name</i>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Polygon A</b>	<b>Polygon B</b>	<b>Polygon D</b>	<b>Polygon E (Upland)</b>
<i>Itea virginica</i>	Virginia willow	X	X		
<i>Juncus effuses</i>	soft rush	X	X		
<i>Juncus repens</i>	lesser creeping rush				X
<i>Juncus</i> sp.	rush	X	X	X	
<i>Lachnanthes caroliniana</i>	red root	X	X	X	
<i>Leucothoe axillaris</i>	coastal dog hobble	X	X		
<i>Leucothoe racemosa</i>	swamp dog hobble	X	X		
<i>Liatris elegans</i>	pinkscale blazing star				X
<i>Liatris graminifolia</i>	shaggy blazing star				X
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	sweet gum	X	X	X	X
<i>Limnium caroliniana</i>	spongeplant		X		
<i>Ludwigia</i> sp.	primrose willow	X	X	X	
<i>Lycopus amplexans</i>	clasping waterhorehound				
<i>Lycopus virginicus</i>	Virginia water horehound	X			
<i>Lygodium japonicum</i>	Japanese climbing fern				X
<i>Lyonia lucida</i>	fetterbush	X	X	X	
<i>Lyonia lucida</i>	fetterbush lyonia	X			
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>	southern magnolia				
<i>Magnolia virginiana</i>	silver bay	X		X	
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	wax myrtle	X	X	X	
<i>Myrica heterophylla</i>	southern bayberry	X			
<i>Myrica inodorata</i>	odorless wax myrtle	X		X	
<i>Nymphaea odorata</i>	fragrant water lily		X		
<i>Nyssa biflora</i>	swamp tupelo	X	X		
<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i> var. <i>biflora</i>	black gum				
<i>Osmanthus americanus</i>	wild olive	X			
<i>Osmunda cinnamomea</i>	cinnamon fern	X			
<i>Osmunda regalis</i>	royal fern				
<i>Panicum verrucosum</i>	warty panicgrass	X		X	
<i>Paspalum notatum</i>	bahiagrass				X
<i>Persea borbonia</i>	red bay	X	X	X	
<i>Persea palustris</i>	silk bay	X	X	X	
<i>Photinia pyrifolia</i>	red chokeberry				
<i>Pieris phillyreifolia</i>	climbing fetterbush	X			
<i>Pinus elliotii</i>	Slash pine	X	X	X	
<i>Pinus palustris</i>	longleaf pine				X
<i>Pinus taeda</i>	loblolly pine		X		X
<i>Polygala nana</i>	wild bachelor's button		X		
<i>Polypremum procumbens</i>	juniper leaf			X	X
<i>Prunus angustifolia</i>	chickasaw plum				
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	black cherry				
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	bracken fern			X	X
<i>Quercus falcate</i>	red oak				
<i>Quercus geminate</i>	sand live oak				
<i>Quercus hemisphaerica</i>	laurel oak	X	X		
<i>Quercus incana</i>	bluejack oak				X
<i>Quercus laevis</i>	turkey oak				
<i>Quercus margaretta</i>	runner oak				X
<i>Quercus nigra</i>	water oak	X	X		X
<i>Quercus velutina</i>	black oak				X
<i>Rhexia</i> sp.	meadowbeauty			X	
<i>Rhododendron viscosum</i>	swamp azalea	X	X		

<i>Scientific Name</i>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Polygon A</b>	<b>Polygon B</b>	<b>Polygon D</b>	<b>Polygon E (Upland)</b>
<i>Rhus copallinum</i>	winged sumac				X
<i>Rhynchosia reniformis</i>	dollarleaf				X
<i>Rhynchospora chapmanii</i>	Chapman's beaksedge	X		X	
<i>Rhynchospora fascicularis</i>	fascicled beaksedge	X			
<i>Rhynchospora nitens</i>	shortbeak beaksedge		X		
<i>Rhynchospora oligantha</i>	featherbristle beaksedge	X			
<i>Rubus argutus</i>	sawtooth blackberry	X			
<i>Rubus cuneifolius</i>	sand blackberry		X	X	
<i>Salvia azurea</i>	azure blue sage				X
<i>Sassafras albidum</i>	sassafras				X
<i>Schizachyrium</i> sp.	bluestem				X
<i>Schrankia microphylla</i>	sensitive briar				
<i>Scirpus cyperinus</i>	woolgrass	X			
<i>Scleria triglomerata</i>	whip nutrush	X		X	
<i>Serenoa repens</i>	saw palmetto				
<i>Smilax bona-nox</i>	saw greenbrier				X
<i>Smilax glauca</i>	greenbrier				
<i>Smilax laurifolia</i>	laurel greenbrier	X			
<i>Smilax</i> sp.	greenbrier	X	X	X	
<i>Solidago odora</i>	anisescented goldenrod				X
<i>Sphagnum</i> sp.	sphagnum moss	X	X		
<i>Stillingia sylvatica</i>	queen's-delight				X
<i>Symplocos tinctoria</i>	common sweetleaf	X			
<i>Taxodium ascendens</i>	pond cypress	X	X		
<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>	poison ivy	X		X	
<i>Triadenum virginicum</i>	marsh St. John's wort				
<i>Trichostema dichotomum</i>	forked bluecurls				
<i>Trichostema dichotomum</i>	blue curls				
<i>Vaccinium arboreum</i>	sparkleberry				
<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i>	highbush blueberry	X	X	X	
<i>Vaccinium elliotii</i>	Elliott's blueberry			X	
<i>Vaccinium stamineum</i>	deerberry				
<i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>	muscadine grape	X		X	
<i>Woodwardia areolata</i>	netted chain fern	X	X	X	
<i>Woodwardia virginica</i>	Virginia chain fern	X	X	X	
<i>Xyris ambigua</i>	coastal plain yelloweyed grass	X			
<i>Xyris fimbriata</i>	fringed yelloweyed grass	X	X	X	
<i>Xyris flabelliformis</i>	savannah yelloweyed grass		X		
<i>Yucca filamentosa</i>	Adam's needle				

X=newly observed in 2010

<b>Site Inspection Field Form</b>	
Project: Plum Creek	Date: 10/28/10
Name(s) of Data Collectors: Caitlin Elam and Alex Barth	Weather: 70's, cloudy with a light drizzle
Environmental Description: cleared upland and preserved mixed forested wetland	
<p><b>Qualitative Assessment</b></p> <p>1. No observable decline in vegetation community health-<u>Yes, met</u></p> <p>2. Species diversity is, at a minimum, stable in each wetland polygon-<u>Yes</u></p> <p>3. No more than 1% coverage of invasive exotics and 5% coverage of nuisance native and non-invasive exotic species-<u>Yes</u></p> <p>4. No more than 200 pine (longleaf or slash) trees per acre in upland areas-<u>Yes</u></p> <p>5. Not less than 300 trees per acre in Polygon B (cypress, tupelo or other species)-<u>Not yet, re-establishment of canopy is in progress</u></p>	
<p><b>On at least a yearly basis, the site will be inspected as follows:</b></p> <p>A: Perimeter for signs of trespassing, fencing and signage integrity and infestation by exotic or nuisance vegetation;</p> <p>No signs of trespassing or abuse. Site was clear along roads. Small patches of <i>Lygodium japonicum</i> on main road.</p>	
<p>B: Internal Roads (Both public and maintenance) for signs of dumping or trespassing, erosion, bridges and road integrity, and exotic or nuisance species infestations;</p> <p>Main gate locked. No observable sign of trespassing. Some minor erosion along road.</p>	
<p>C: All construction areas for stabilization and re-vegetation, structure, operation, and integrity;</p> <p>N/a.</p>	
<p>D: Representative polygons for each UMAM community for fuel load, exotic or nuisance species, planted material survival, groundcover, and shrub condition.</p> <p>Wetlands exhibit appropriate species composition and cover. Polygon B (impacted wetland) has been drained and will show an increase in desired species cover; the species composition is currently appropriate. Uplands are transitioning from silvicultural operations; need longleaf pine and wiregrass plantings, and a prescribed burn.</p>	

Vegetation Assessment Field Form Qualitative Assessment: Plum Creek

Project: Date: 10/28/10

Name(s) of Data Collectors: Caitlin Elam and Alex Barth Weather: 70's, overcast and intermittently raining

Environmental Description: cleared upland and preserved mixed forested wetland

Nuisance Species: Small patches of *Lygodium japonicum* along main road in southeastern portion of property. Fuel Load: Moderate, medium sized shrubs and herbaceous fine fuel in upland polygon, dense medium sized living shrubs in preserved mixed forested wetland, low aside from organic soil horizon in impacted wetland (Polygon B).

- Wildlife Observations: None.
- Water depth: Wetlands are saturated to soil surface but not inundated.
- Is the community observed along the walk path representative of the community being measured? Yes.
- To what degree is the restoration in this area trending towards success? The area is trending towards success. The uplands have been cleared of planted pine and exhibit appropriate species composition with a moderate shrub layer and a sparse herbaceous layer. Polygon B has been drained; this will allow for the re-establishment and increase of native canopy cover.
- Potential Problems and solutions: The firebreak at the junction of polygons A and E is very wide and has disturbed the soil in the natural ecotone. The firebreak may be able to be narrower allowing fire in the part of the ecotone that would increase characteristic native herbaceous cover.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Polygon A Site 1	Polygon A Site 2	Polygon B Site 3	Polygon B Site 4	Polygon D Site 5
<i>Andropogon virginicus</i>	Broom sedge					X
<i>Aristida stricta</i> var. <i>beyrichiana</i>	Wiregrass					
<i>Arundinaria gigantea</i>	Switchcane	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Asclepias humistrata</i>	Milkweed					
<i>Asimina angustifolia</i>	Slimb-leaved paw paw					
<i>Aster reticulatus</i>	Pinewood aster					
<i>Baptisia lanceolata</i>	Pineland wild indigo					
<i>Berlandiera pumila</i>	Green eyes					
<i>Callicarpa americana</i>	Beauty berry					X
<i>Carex elliotii</i>	Elliot's sedge	X	X	X		
<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>	Sweet pepper bush	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Cliftonia monophylla</i>	Black titi	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Cnidocolus stimulosus</i>	Tread softly					
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Flowering dogwood					
<i>Cyrilla racemiflora</i>	Red titi					
<i>Dalea pinnata</i>	Summer-farewell					
<i>Decodon verticillatus</i>	Swamp loosestrife					
<i>Dicanthelium</i> spp.	Panic grass	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>	Persimmon					
<i>Dulichium arundinaceum</i>	Three-way sedge				X	
<i>Elephantopus carolinianus</i>	Carolina elephant's foot					
<i>Erigonum tomentosum</i>	Wild buckwheat					
<i>Eriocaulon decangulare</i>	Pipewort			X	X	
<i>Eupatorium compositifolium</i>	Dog fennel	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>	Yellow jessamine					X
<i>Gnaphalium pensylvanicum</i>	Cudweed					
<i>Hibiscus aculeatus</i>	Comfort root					
<i>Hypericum gentinoides</i>	Pineweed	X		X		
<i>Ilex coriacea</i>	Large gallberry	X	X	X	X	
<i>Ilex glabra</i>	Gall berry					X
<i>Ilex opaca</i>	American holly					
<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	Yaupon					

Scientific Name	Common Name	Polygon A Site 1	Polygon A Site 2	Polygon B Site 3	Polygon B Site 4	Polygon D Site 5
<i>Itea virginica</i>	Virginia willow			X	X	
<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft rush	X	X	X		
<i>Juncus sp.</i>	Rush	X	X	X		X
<i>Lachnanthes caroliniana</i>	Red root	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Leucothoe axillaris</i>	Coastal dog hobble	X	X		X	
<i>Leucothoe racemosa</i>	Swamp dog hobble	X	X	X		
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	Sweet gum	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Ludwigia sp.</i>	Primrose willow	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Lycopus amplexans</i>	Clasping waterhorehound					
<i>Lyonia lucida</i>	Fetterbush	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>	Southern magnolia					
<i>Magnolia virginiana</i>	Silver bay	X	X			X
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	Wax myrtle	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Myrica odorata</i>	Odorless wax myrtle	X	X			X
<i>Nymphaea odorata</i>	Fragrant water lily			X	X	
<i>Nyssa sylvatica var. biflora</i>	Black gum					
<i>Osmanthus americanus</i>	Wild olive					
<i>Osmunda regalis</i>	Royal fern					
<i>Persea borbonia</i>	Red bay	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Persea palustris</i>	Silk bay	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Pinus elliotii</i>	Slash pine	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Pinus palustris</i>	Longleaf pine					
<i>Pinus taeda</i>	Loblolly pine			X	X	
<i>Polygala nana</i>	Wild bachelor's button			X	X	
<i>Prunus angustifolia</i>	Chickasaw plum					
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	Black cherry					
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken fern					
<i>Quercus falcata</i>	Red oak					
<i>Quercus geminata</i>	Sand live oak					
<i>Quercus hemisphaerica</i>	Laurel oak	X	X	X	X	
<i>Quercus nigra</i>	Water oak	X	X	X	X	
<i>Rhododendron viscosum</i>	Swamp azalea			X	X	
<i>Rhus copallinum</i>	Winged sumac					
<i>Rubus cuneifolius</i>	Sand blackberry			X	X	X
<i>Schrankia microphylla</i>	Sensitive briar					
<i>Serenoa repens</i>	Saw palmetto					
<i>Smilax glauca</i>	Greenbriar					
<i>Smilax sp.</i>	Greenbriar	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Sphagnum sp</i>	Sphagnum moss	X	X	X	X	
<i>Taxodium ascendens</i>	Pond cypress	X	X	X	X	
<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>	Poison ivy	X	X			X
<i>Triadenum virginicum</i>	Marsh St. John's wort					
<i>Trichostema dichotomum</i>	Blue curls					
<i>Vaccinium arboreum</i>	Sparkleberry					
<i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i>	Highbush blueberry	X		X	X	X
<i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>	Muscadine grape	X	X			X
<i>Woodwardia areolata</i>	Netted chain fern	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Woodwardia virginica</i>	Virginia chain fern	X	X	X	X	X